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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
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REGULATIONS

INDEX	<u>Sheet</u>
1. Scope of Service	1-5
2. General Regulations	6-12
2.1 Liability of SWBT	6-7
2.2 Obligations of CMC	8
2.3 Payments of Rates and Charges	79
2.4 Deposits	9-10
2.5 Listings	10
2.6 (Vacant)	
2.7 Special Service Arrangements	11
2.8 Special Construction	11
2.9 Radio Transmitter Links	11
2.10 Landline to Landline Call Restriction	11
2.11 CMC Provided Facilities	11
2.12 Termination of Facilities	11
2.13 Point of Termination	12
2.14 Termination of Service	12
2.15 Synchronization	12
2.16 Additional Engineering and Labor	12
2.17 Assignment and Transfer of Facilities.	12
2.18 Telecommunications Priority Systems.	12
3. Description of Service	13-15
4. Features	16-17
4.1 Optional Features - Nonchargeable	16
4.2 Transmission Performance	17
4.3 Testing Capabilities	17
5. Determination of Number of Access Facilities	17

REGULATIONS

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, LLC, hereinafter referred to as "the Company", is a Delaware LLC with its headquarters in Dallas, Texas that provides telecommunications common carrier services in Texas as well as Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, and Oklahoma. Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, LLC does business in the state of Texas under the name "AT&T Texas," effective May 10, 2024. AT&T Texas adopts all tariff references in effect on that date under its prior name "Southwestern Bell Telephone Company" until such time as those tariff references are revised.

1. Scope of Service

1.1 This tariff provides AT&T Texas facilities and services for the interconnection and interchange of traffic between AT&T Texas and the providers of public mobile radio service, private land mobile radio service as well as personal communications service, as defined in Part 22, Part 24 (1) and Part 90 of the Rules of the FCC, in the State of Texas. This tariff also provides for interconnection of experimental radio service licensees who develop and test radio equipment and systems used by Part 22, Part 24 and Part 90 providers, as defined in Part 5 of the Rules of the FCC. Authorized resellers of radio services provided by Part 22, Part 24 or Part 90 licensees may also purchase interconnection services from this tariff.

1.2 This tariff is applicable to all CMCs for the provision of Type 1, Type 2A, and Type 2B trunk side interconnection arrangements, as found, for descriptive purposes only, in the Bell Communications Research Inc. Technical Reference TR-NPL-000145, "Compatibility Information for the Interface between a Cellular Mobile Carrier and a Local Exchange Carrier Network;" Technical Reference TR-EOP-000352, "Cellular Mobile Carrier Interconnection Transmission Plans;" and Technical Reference TR-NPL-000275, "Notes on BOC Intra-LATA Networks," Section 16, which is titled "Cellular Mobile Carrier Interconnection." This tariff is also applicable to all carriers for the provision of line side interconnection, as found for description purposes only, in Bell System Technical Reference Number 43303. This service is optional for providers of noncellular two-way Common Carrier Services, as defined in Part 22, Subpart G, of the Rules of the FCC. Additionally, Part 90 service providers have the option of purchasing their interconnection to the public switched network from this tariff.

This tariff also provides AT&T Texas facilities and services for Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System Seven (CCS/SS7) Service found, for descriptive purposes only, in the current issue of Bellcore TR-TSV-00905, "Common Channel Signaling Network Interface Specifications" and AT&T Texas Technical Publication, TP-76638, "SWBT Supplement to TR-TSV-000905".

REGULATIONS

1. Scope of Service (cont'd)

- 1.3** The Company may discontinue certain Company services in geographic areas for which the Company has no customers subscribing to those services.

In addition and subject to the appropriate regulatory approvals, the Company may grandfather all services governed by this Tariff in certain geographic areas. Once grandfathered, such services will no longer be available for purchase and existing customers will no longer be able to move, add or change their existing service. ¹

For service availability by Wire Center:

https://cpr.web.att.com/pdf/dsa/zero_demand_tracker.pdf

For service availability by address:

<https://cpr.att.com:8443/search/csiServiceAvailability>

1.4 Definitions

Access Service Tariff - SWBT's intrastate Texas Access Service Tariff on file with the Commission, offering exchange access to interexchange carriers.

Area Wide Calling Plan (AWCP) - The AWCP is an optional originating service available to eligible CMCs as a tandem connection under Type 2A Service. By subscribing to this service, a CMC's patron will be able to receive intraLATA toll calls from SWBT end user customers without the SWBT end user customer incurring a toll charge for the call, provided the call is placed to an NXX designated by the CMC as an AWCP NXX. A CMC subject to obligatory Telephone Number Portability as described in the FCC's "Second Report and Order, In the Matter of Local Number Portability," FCC 97-289, is not an eligible carrier.

Call Path Associated Signaling (CAS) - A wireless 911 solution set that utilizes the voice transmission path to also deliver the Mobile Directory Number and the caller's location to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

Cell Site - A cell site is the location of fixed radio transmitting and receiving facilities associated with a cellular system.

Cellular Geographic Service Area (CGSA) - The geographic area served by the cellular system within which a CMC is authorized to provide service.

Cellular Mobile Carrier or CMC - A common carrier provider or an authorized reseller of domestic public cellular telecommunications service, as defined in Part 22, Subpart K, of the Rules of the FCC. For the purposes of this tariff only, the term CMC shall also include providers licensed under Part 22, Subpart G and Part 24 of the Rules of the FCC and their authorized resellers.

Connecting Circuits - Circuits between a CMC's MTSO and a SWBT serving wire center or tandem office for the interchange of traffic. Such circuits may be one-way or two-way in directionality.

- (1) These tariff provisions do not apply to PCS providers that are certificated to provide local exchange service.
- (1) Effective on or after December 31, 2023 (as permitted by the FCC), neither new nor existing customers will be permitted to purchase services in certain geographic areas.

REGULATIONS

1. Scope of Service (cont'd)

1.4 Definitions (cont'd)

Demarcation Point - The point of demarcation and/or interconnection between SWBT communications facilities and terminal equipment, protective apparatus or wiring at a subscriber's premises. SWBT-installed facilities at, or constituting, the demarcation point shall consist of wire or a jack conforming to Subpart F of Part 68 of the Commission's rules. SWBT will provide one primary demarcation point for services provided through SWBT network facilities at no cost to the subscriber. Any secondary or additional demarcation point(s) requested by the customer will be provided as specified in the AT&T Texas Guidebook, Part 2, Section 5 (Construction Charges). The costs of providing these secondary or additional demarcation points include all labor and materials including cabling. Additions or reinforcements of existing facilities to secondary demarcation points will only be provided upon customer request and billed as specified in the AT&T Texas Guidebook, Part 2, Section 5 (Construction Charges). "Premises" as used herein generally means a dwelling unit, other building or a legal unit of real property such as a lot on which a dwelling unit is located, as determined by SWBT's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices. The "minimum point of entry" (MPOE) as used herein shall be either (1) the closest practicable point to where the wiring crosses a property line or (2) the closest practicable point to where the wiring enters a multiunit building or buildings. SWBT's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices shall determine which of (1) or (2) shall apply. SWBT is not precluded from establishing reasonable classifications of multiunit premises for purposes of determining which of (1) or (2) above shall apply. Multiunit premises include, but are not limited to, residential, commercial, shopping center and campus situations.

(a) Single Unit Installations. For single unit installations existing as of June 9, 1994 and installations installed after that date the demarcation point shall be a point within twelve inches of the protector or, where there is no protector, within twelve inches of where the telephone wire enters the customer's premises.

(b) Multiunit Installations.

(1) In multiunit premises existing as of June 9, 1994, the demarcation point shall be determined in accordance with SWBT's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices. Provided, however, that where there are multiple demarcation points within the multiunit premises, a demarcation point for a customer shall not be further inside the customer's premises than a point twelve inches from where the wiring enters the customer's premises.

(2) In multiunit premises in which wiring is installed after June 9, 1994, the multiunit premises owner shall determine the location of the demarcation point or points. The multiunit premises owner shall determine whether there shall be a single demarcation point location for all customers or separate such locations for each customer. Provided, however, that where there are multiple demarcation points within the multiunit premises, a demarcation point for a customer shall not be further inside the customer's premises than a point twelve inches from where the wiring enters the customer's premises.

REGULATIONS

1. Scope of Service (cont'd)

1.4 Definitions (cont'd)

Demarcation Point (cont'd)

At this time, SWBT has elected not to establish a practice of placing the demarcation point at the MPOE for multiunit premises. However, at the customer's request, SWBT will place the demarcation point at the MPOE in existing installations, and as appropriate, in new installations. SWBT will relocate multiple demarcation points to a single demarcation point at an MPOE in a manner that minimizes any resultant charges or other adverse impact to either building owners or customers.

If conforming to the twelve inch limitation is unrealistic or technically impossible, the demarcation point will be the most practicable MPOE.

End office Rate Center - An end office selected by the CMC as the end office for rating (measuring purposes) for Type 2A interconnection.

Equal Access Connections - One-way terminating circuits from a CMC's MTSO to a telephone company access tandem which allows the CMC's patrons to have equal access to interexchange carriers.

End Office Switch - An end office switch is a local SWBT switching system where SWBT exchange service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to the network.

Exchange - Denotes a unit generally smaller than a Local Access and Transport Area (LATA) established by SWBT for the administration of communications service in a specified area which usually embraces a city, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more end office switches together with the associated facilities used in furnishing communications service within that area. One or more designated exchanges comprises a given LATA.

Hybrid - A wireless 911 solution set that utilizes one transmission path to deliver the voice and Mobile Directory Number to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) and a separate transmission path to deliver the caller's location information to the PSAP.

Interexchange Carrier or IC - A common carrier which provides the for-hire telecommunications service of connecting messages or facilities in one exchange to another exchange. An IC does not provide connections directly to end user-subscribers; local exchange carriers provide local switching functions at both ends of an interexchange call on behalf of the IC.

MTSO - For purposes of this tariff, a MTSO is the CMC's switching equipment used to provide the CMC's switching service (i.e., the mobile telephone switching office) or, alternatively, any other point of termination designated by the CMC. The MTSO is the point of interconnection between the CMC's customers within its CGSA and the end users of wireline exchange carriers and interexchange carriers.

REGULATIONS

1. Scope of Service (cont'd)

1.4 Definitions (cont'd)

Non-Call Path Associated Signaling (NCAS) - A wireless 911 solution set that utilizes one transmission path to deliver the voice and a separate transmission path to deliver the Mobile Directory Number and the caller's location to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

NXX Code - A block of 10,000 consecutive telephone numbers having the same 3-digit prefix.

Originating Traffic - For purposes of this tariff, all interchange traffic which is delivered by SWBT to a CMC for termination on the CMC's system is originating traffic.

Point of Interconnection - The first point of switching for terminating traffic in the SWBT network. For example, where terminating traffic is switched to other end offices in the LATA, interexchange carriers and operator or auxiliary services (e.g. 411, 911 and 555-1212).

Radio Transmitter Links - Dedicated voice and/or data circuits provided by SWBT between a CMC MTSO and cell site locations or between cell site locations.

Shell Record - a partial Automatic Location Identification (ALI) record which requires a dynamic update of the Emergency Services Routing Key (ESRK), Call Back Number, cell site and sector information for a Phase I deployment, and XY location data for a Phase II deployment. The dynamic update requires input from the CMC's network prior to updating the ALI records and forwarding to the appropriate Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

Tandem Office - Denotes a local SWBT switching unit by means of which local or access telephone communications are switched to and from an end office switch or a CMC's MTSO.

Terminating Traffic - For purposes of this tariff, that traffic which is originated by a CMC and interchanged with SWBT for termination at a point on the intraLATA wireline exchange network or for delivery to an interexchange carrier is terminating traffic.

Terminating Usage - For purposes of this tariff, the terminating usage to which terminating usage charges described in this tariff apply is only that CMC originated traffic interchanged with SWBT for termination at a point on the intraLATA wireline exchange network.

Wire Center - A wire center is a building in which one or more end offices of SWBT, used for the provision of its local exchange services, are located.

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations

2.1 Liability of SWBT

2.1.1 SWBT's failure to provide or maintain service under this tariff shall be excused by labor difficulties, government orders, civil commotions, acts of God and other circumstances beyond SWBT's reasonable control, subject to the interruption allowance provisions of this tariff.

2.1.2 Interruption of Service

In the event a CMC's service is interrupted other than by the negligence or willful act of the CMC, and it remains out of order for eight normal working hours or longer after access to the premises, appropriate adjustments or refunds shall be made to the CMC. The amount of adjustment or refund shall be determined on the basis of the known period of interruption, generally beginning from the time the service interruption is first reported. The refund to the CMC shall be the pro rata part of the month's flat-rate charges for the period of days and that portion of the service facilities rendered useless or inoperative. The refund may be accomplished by a credit on a subsequent bill for service. When a service includes more than one communications path, the interruption allowance applies to the path interrupted.

For calculating credit allowances, every month is considered to have 30 days.

- (A) The amount of credit to the CMC shall be an amount equal to a proration of charges specified in this tariff for the period during which the facility affected by the interruption is out of service.
- (B) A credit shall not be applicable for any period during which the CMC fails to afford access to the facilities furnished by SWBT for the purpose of investigating and clearing troubles.

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.1 Liability of SWBT (Cont'd)

- 2.1.3 SWBT's liability, if any, for its gross negligence or willful misconduct is not limited by this tariff. With respect to any other claim or suit, by a CMC or any others, for damages arising out of mistakes, omissions, interruptions, delays or errors, or defects in transmission occurring in the course of furnishing service hereunder, SWBT's liability, if any, shall not exceed an amount equivalent to the proportionate charge to the CMC for the period of service during which such mistake, omission, interruption, delay, error, or defect in transmission or service occurs and continues. This liability shall be in addition to any amounts that may otherwise be due to the CMC under this tariff as an allowance for interruptions. However, any such mistakes, omissions, interruptions, delays, errors, or defects in transmission or service which are caused or contributed to by the negligence or willful act of the CMC or which arise from the use of CMC-provided facilities or equipment shall not result in the imposition of any liability whatsoever upon SWBT.
- 2.1.4 When the lines of other local exchange companies (LECs) and carriers are used in establishing connections to points not reached by SWBT's lines, SWBT is not liable for any act or omission of the other LECs and carriers.

REGULATIONS

2.2 Obligations of CMC

- 2.2.1 The CMC is responsible for payment of all charges originated from, or charges accepted on the CMC's system (e.g., collect calls, third number charges or 976 charges).
- 2.2.2 If billing for AT&T Texas's utility services are found to differ from AT&T Texas's tariffed rates, or if AT&T Texas fails to bill the customer for such services, a billing adjustment will be calculated by AT&T Texas. If the customer is due a refund, an adjustment shall be made for the entire period of the overcharges. If an overcharge is adjusted by AT&T Texas within three billing cycles of the bill in error, interest is not applicable. However, if an overcharge is not adjusted by AT&T Texas within three billing cycles of the bill in error, interest shall be applied to the amount of the overcharge as specified in Substantive Rule 23.45(g). The rate of interest is set annually by the Commission for a twelve-month period and is based on an average of prime commercial paper rates for the previous twelve-month period. {1}
- 2.2.3 All individual information furnished by a CMC to AT&T Texas is to be considered confidential and is not to be distributed, provided or disclosed in any form to anyone not involved in AT&T Texas's audit and true-up procedures, nor is such information to be used for any other purpose. Specifically and without limitation, such individual information shall not be disclosed, directly or indirectly, by AT&T Texas to any other CMC or representative of such CMC.
- 2.2.4 Resellers of radio services must provide a letter of authorization signed by the licensee whose services are being resold.

{1} The rates of interest to be paid on customer deposits in accordance with Tex. Rev. Civ. Stat. Ann. art. 1440a (Vernon 1989), and overbillings or underbillings in accordance with Commission SUBST. R. 23.45 (g), are established annually on December 1 for the subsequent calendar year by the Commission, as reflected in the Order Setting Interest Rates included in this tariff.

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Payments of Rates and Charges

- 2.3.1 When making application for service, the CMC may be required to pay at the time the application is accepted, an advance payment equal to the installation charges and one month's charges for the services provided.
- 2.3.2 The amount of the advance payment will be credited to the CMC's account and applied against any indebtedness.
- 2.3.3 See Section 2.5.3 of SWBT's Intrastate Access Service Tariff for applicability of other payments of rates and charges (i.e. past due charges, billing disputes resolved in favor of SWBT or the customer.)

2.4 Deposits

- 2.4.1 SWBT will, in order to safeguard its interests, only require a CMC which has proven history of late payments to SWBT or does not have established credit (except for a CMC which is a successor of a company which has established credit and has no history of late payments to SWBT) to make a deposit prior to or at any time after the provision of a service to the CMC to be held by SWBT as a guarantee of the payment of rates and charges. Such deposit may not exceed the actual or estimated rates and charges for the service for a two-month period plus the amount of any termination charges that may be attributable to the service. The fact that a deposit has been made in no way relieves the CMC from complying with SWBT's regulations as to the prompt payment of bills. Simple interest set annually by the Commission at the rate of not less than six percent per annum or greater than twelve percent per annum will be paid on deposits. Payment of the interest to the CMC shall be annually, if requested by the CMC, or at the time the deposit is returned or credited to the CMC's account. The deposit shall cease to draw interest on the date it is returned or credited to the CMC's account. {1}

{1} The rates of interest to be paid on customer deposits in accordance with Tex. Rev. Civ. Stat. Ann. art. 1440a (Vernon 1989), and overbillings or underbillings in accordance with Commission SUBST. R. 23.45 (g), are established annually on December 1 for the subsequent calendar year by the Commission, as reflected in the Order Setting Interest Rates included in this tariff.

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Deposits (Cont'd)

2.4.2 If service is not connected or after disconnection of service, SWBT shall promptly and automatically refund the CMC's deposit plus accrued interest or the balance, if any, in excess of the unpaid bills for service furnished. A transfer of service from one premises to another within the service area of SWBT shall not be deemed a disconnection within the meaning of these rules, and no additional deposit may be demanded unless permitted by this and other sections of this tariff.

2.4.3 When the CMC has paid bills for service for twenty-four (24) consecutive billings without having service disconnected for nonpayment of bills and without having more than two occasions in which a bill was delinquent, and when the CMC is not delinquent in payment of the current bill, SWBT shall promptly and automatically refund the deposit plus accrued interest to the CMC in the form of cash or credit to a CMC's bill.

At the option of SWBT, such a deposit may be refunded or credited to the account when the CMC has established credit or after the CMC has established a one-year prompt payment record at any time prior to the termination of the provision of the service to the CMC.

2.4.4 Service may be discontinued for failure to furnish a suitable deposit within thirty days after SWBT has mailed notice to the CMC at the billing address appearing on SWBT's records requiring the CMC to furnish such deposit.

2.5 Listings

2.5.1 Listings are not included in the rates and charges for this service.

2.5.2 Regular extra listings and special types of extra listings will be furnished at rates specified in Part 12, Section 1 of the AT&T Texas Guidebook for use in connection with the CMC's patron listings.

2.5.3 SWBT's liability for damages arising from errors or omissions in the making up or printing of its directories, where available, or its Listing Information System, or in accepting listings as presented by customers or prospective customers shall be limited to the amount of actual impairment of the CMC's service, and in no event shall it exceed the amount paid for the service during the period covered by the directory in which the error or omission occurs.

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.7 Special Service Arrangements

For special service arrangements not covered under this tariff, special charges shall apply as provided in Part 2, Section 7 of the AT&T Texas Guidebook.

2.8 Special Construction

If the CMC's request for interconnection requires construction of special facilities as outlined in Section 14, 14.4.2 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff, the CMC will be assessed Special Construction charges as outlined in Section 14 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff.

2.9 Radio Transmitter Links

The SWBT charge for radio transmitter links shall be equivalent to the specific rate elements and rate levels in either Section 7 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff or Section 7 of FCC Tariff Number 73, depending on jurisdiction of the traffic according to the CMC. No access surcharge shall be applicable.

2.10 Landline to Landline Call Restriction

The rates and rate structure established by this tariff shall not apply to the CMC's provision of toll calling from a landline telephone to another landline telephone, except for, but not limited to, the provision of optional cellular carrier features such as custom calling and voice storage.

2.11 CMC Provided Facilities

CMC's shall have the right to transport traffic over facilities provided by the CMC to any location geographically proximate to either the Type 1, Type 2A or Type 2B SWBT switching offices. That location must be owned/leased and maintained by the CMC and access to that location by SWBT employees for installation and maintenance purposes must be available.

2.12 Termination of Facilities

The CMC's point of termination may be located at another telecommunication carrier's Point of Presence (POP). Access to the termination location by SWBT employees for installation and maintenance purposes must be available.

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.13 Point of Termination

At it's option, the CMC may designate a point of termination (POT) for originating and terminating traffic at a location that is not collocated with the CMC's switching equipment. If the CMC's designation of a POT results in an increase in the local transport for SWBT, the CMC's request for interconnection at the designated POT will be handled under the provisions of 2.7.

2.14 Termination of Service

Upon nonpayment of any sum due SWBT, or upon violation of any conditions governing the furnishing of service, SWBT may by notice to the CMC, without incurring any liability, forthwith discontinue the furnishing of said service. Proper notice shall consist of notice sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, at least 30 days prior to a stated date of disconnection.

2.15 Synchronization

For digital interconnection as provided in this tariff, SWBT shall transmit synchronization to the CMC as appropriate pursuant to Section 11, "Synchronization of Intra-LATA Digital Network," of Bell Communications Research Inc. Technical Reference TR-NPL-000275, "Notes on BOC Intra-LATA Network".

2.16 Additional Engineering and Labor

Rates and regulations for additional engineering and labor can be found in the intrastate Access Service Tariff, Section 13, Paragraphs 13.1 and 13.2, respectively.

2.17 Assignment and Transfer of Facilities

The assignment and transfer of facilities occurs when existing cellular service is provided and billed to a different customer and the new cellular customer assumes liability for all current and prior charges for the cellular service. The new customer must be a CMC licensed under Part 22, Subparts K or G, Part 90 or Part 5 of the FCC Rules. A Special Access Order Charge, as set forth in Section 5 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff, will apply when a change in billing data (name, address, contact name, or telephone number) is requested with the assignment and transfer of facilities.

2.18 Telecommunications Service Priority System

The priority provisioning and restoration of services offered under this tariff relative to the National Security Emergency Preparedness (NESP) Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System shall be pursuant to the regulations and rates as delineated in Part 8, Section 5 of the AT&T Texas Guidebook.

For application in this tariff, such regulations, rates and charges as are described in the Telecommunications Service Priority System Tariff shall be interpreted to apply on a "per request, per interconnection circuit" basis.

REGULATIONS

3. Description of Service

- 3.1 Cellular Mobile Telephone Interconnection, referred to in this tariff as "service", when provided by trunk side switching equipment, uses end office (Type 1), tandem (Type 2A) or a specified end office (Type 2B) used as a high usage interconnection, as each of these interconnection arrangements are defined in TR-NPL-000145. When trunk side switching is provided from electronic offices the switch trunk equipment is provided with wink start-pulsing signals and answer and disconnect supervisory signaling. Service may be provided from suitably equipped electromechanical end offices with delay dial start-pulsing signaling for one-way originating only end office (Type 1) services. When service is provided as line side interconnection, end office line side terminating equipment is utilized. Line side signaling may be ground start with indication to the CMC of on-hook at the distant end or they may be provided with loop supervision.
- 3.2 Subject to technical limitations and facility availabilities, SWBT will provide all appropriate and compatible signaling arrangements between its end offices and a CMC.
- 3.3 Service may be arranged for two-way traffic or for one-way traffic, either in the originating or terminating direction. With a tandem (Type 2A) connection, terminating traffic through the tandem office may be limited (based on the limitation of SWBT's tandem offices) to direct dialed terminating calls. Where such limitation is applicable to Type 2A connections, one-way terminating service with an associated end office (Type 1) connection may be arranged to access the services specified in 3.4. In addition, direct dialed local terminating calls to community information services of an information provider (e.g., 976), public response calling networks and calls to 911, where provided, may not be completed through the use of tandem interconnections in some cases. With a Type 2B connection, calls may terminate only to directory numbers served by the end office where the Type 2B interface is located.
- 3.4 Except as noted in 3.3 preceding, the service when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access valid NXXs in the LATA, local operator service (0- and 0+), Directory Assistance (411 where available and 555-1212), emergency reporting service (911 where available), exchange telephone repair and Business Offices, community information services of an information provider (e.g., 976), and the services of an IC. Easy Access Dialing to IC services as specified in Section 13 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff are required on a service group basis where the service is provided from an equal access office.

REGULATIONS

3. Description of Service (Cont'd)

- 3.5 For Type 1 Interconnection, the Company shall select the first point of switching, within the selected LATA, at which the service is to be provided unless the CMC requests a different point of switching and Company facilities and measurement capabilities are available to accommodate such a request.

When required by technical limitations, a separate service group will be established for each type of switching/termination arrangement provided (separate Type 2A service groups may be required in each direction for two-way operation at some tandem offices). Different types of facilities or switching/termination arrangements may not be combined in a single service group.

- 3.6 Any calling scope which is available to landline customers of the Company is available to the CMC subject to the provisions in 3.3. The CMC may have only one end office rate center designated per service group per tandem office (a service group can include a combination of one-way terminating circuits, one-way originating circuits and two-way circuits). The end office rate center selected by the CMC which determines the local calling scope of the tandem interconnection must be a subtending office of the tandem. End office (Type 1) and line side interconnections may only be to end offices that serve telephone subscribers within the CGSA of the CMC.

REGULATIONS

3. Description of Service (Cont'd)

3.8 Area Wide Calling Plan (AWCP)

3.8.1 Area Wide Calling Plan (AWCP) is an optional originating service available to eligible CMCs as a tandem connection under Type 2A Service that provides CMCs toll free intraLATA accessibility to CMC patrons. Under this service, end user customers can complete calls toll free to CMC patrons by placing a 7-digit dialed call from any location within the LATA served by SWBT. {1} The CMC will be billed on a usage sensitive basis for all AWCP calls as detailed in 2.3 of Section 3.

3.8.2 AWCP is not available to CMCs that are subject to obligatory Telephone Number Portability as described in the FCC's "Second Report and Order, In the Matter of Local Number Portability," FCC 97-289.

3.8.3 To maintain eligibility for AWCP, the CMC must agree that no CMC telephone number shall be voluntarily ported to any other CMC or telecommunications carrier.

3.8.4 CMCs subscribing to AWCP acknowledge and understand that no telephone number ported to the CMC from any other CMC or telecommunications carrier will be part of the AWCP plan.

3.8.5 AWCP services provided to any CMC will be discontinued no later than the day before the CMC becomes subject to obligatory Telephone Number Portability, as referenced in 3.8.2 above. However, SWBT may, with twelve (12) months prior written notice, discontinue AWCP service for any CMC which, according to existing law at the time of the notice, will be subject to obligatory Telephone Number Portability within the following eighteen (18) months.

{1} In areas where 10-digit dialing or 1+ dialing is required for local calling, AWCP will also require 10-digit dialing or 1+ dialing.

REGULATIONS

4. Features

4.1 Optional Features - Nonchargeable

4.1.1 Up to 7-Digit Outpulsing of Called Party Telephone Number to CMC

This option provides the end office capability of providing up to 7 digits of the called party telephone number to the CMC terminal location. The CMC may request that only some of the digits in the telephone number be forwarded. When a steering digit is required, e.g., third digit of the NXX Code, only 7-digit outpulsing will be furnished.

4.1.2 Delay Dial Start-Pulsing Signaling

This option provides a method of indicating to the near end trunk circuit readiness to accept address signaling information by the far end trunk circuit. Delay dial is often referred to as an off-hook, on-hook signaling sequence. The delay dial signal is the off-hook interval and the start-pulsing signal is the on-hook interval. With integrity check, the calling offices will not out-pulse until a delay dial (off-hook) signal followed by a start-pulsing (on-hook) signal has been identified at the calling office.

4.1.3 Immediate Dial Pulse Address Signaling

This option provides for the forwarding of dial pulses from the SWBT end office to the CMC without the need of a start-pulsing signal from the CMC.

4.1.4 Dial Pulse Address Signaling

This trunk side option provides for the transmission of number information, e.g., called number, between the end office switching system and the CMC's premises (in either direction) by means of direct current pulses.

4.1.14 Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7 (CCS/SS7)

This option allows a CMC with a Type 2A Interconnection to use the SS7 protocol and the concept of CCS to set up calls over the CMC's Type 2A interconnection. This service only provides for the use of CCS for Integrated Digital Network User part (ISUP or ISDNUP) call set-up messages associated with a Type 2A interconnection.

REGULATIONS

4. Features (Cont'd)

4.2 Transmission Performance

This service is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Performance, as found in Section 6.4.1 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. The parameters associated with these performances are guaranteed to the first point of switching. Type C Transmission Performance is provided with Interface Group 1 and Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10 as found in section 6.1.3 (B) (2) of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters, as found in Section 6.4.2 (B) of the intrastate Access Service Tariff are provided with this service to the first point of switching.

4.3 Testing Capabilities

This service is provided, in the terminating direction where equipment is available, with 7-digit access to balance (100 type) test line, milliwatt (102 type) test line, nonsynchronous or synchronous test line, automatic transmission measuring (105 type) test line, data transmission (107 type) test line, loop around test line, short circuit test line and open circuit test line. Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing, Automatic Scheduled Testing, Cooperative Testing, Manual Scheduled Testing and Nonscheduled Testing will be provided as set forth in Section 13.3.5 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. When SS7 Signaling is ordered, network compatability and other operational tests will be performed cooperatively by the Telephone Company and the CMC as specified by SWBT.

5. Determination of Number of Access Facilities

The CMC specifies the number of trunks in the order for service. Trunk directionality and traffic routing between the CMC's MTSO and the tandem or entry end-office switch are also determined by the CMC's order for service. SWBT will assist the CMC in determining requirements if requested.

AT&T Texas
Tariff

Section: Appl. of

Dallas, Texas

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APPLICATION OF TARIFF

This tariff applies to services and facilities furnished or made available by Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, LLC (SWBT) in the State of Texas.

Whenever reference is made in this tariff to other intrastate Texas tariffs of SWBT, the reference is to the tariffs in force as of the effective date of this tariff, and to amendments thereto and successive issues thereof.

The rates and services provided in this tariff are regulated and approved by the Public Utility Commission of Texas (Commission) in compliance with the Public Utility Regulatory Act and the rules adopted by the Commission.

SWBT, where possible, will make available to a CMC services provided in other SWBT tariffs under the Rules, Regulations and Rates provided in those tariffs.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS

The following symbols will be used in the right-hand margins of each tariff page to indicate changes made on the sheets:

- (C) Indicates a Change in Regulation
- (D) Indicates Discontinued Rate or Regulation
- (E) Indicates Correction of an Error Made During a Revision
- (I) Indicates Rate Increase
- (M) Indicates a Move of Text but no Change in Text, Rate or Regulation
- (N) Indicates a New Rate or Regulation
- (R) Indicates a Rate Reduction
- (T) Indicates a Change in Text but no Change in Rate or Regulation

EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS

- CMC - Denotes cellular mobile carrier
- FCC - Denotes Federal Communications Commission
- IC - Denotes interexchange carrier
- MTSO - Denotes a cellular mobile carrier's mobile telephone switching office or terminal

TRADEMARKS AND SERVICE MARKS

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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
Section: 2
Sheet: Index 1
Revision: Original
Replacing:

TYPE - 1 SERVICE AND RATES

INDEX

	<u>Sheet</u>
1. General	1
2. Rate Regulations	1
2.1 General	1
2.2 Connecting Circuits	1-2
2.3 Terminating Usage Charges	3
2.4 Vacant	4
2.5 Nonrecurring Charges	4
2.6 Minimum Monthly Charge	4
2.7 Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7.	4

TYPE - 1 SERVICE AND RATES

1. General

- 1.1 In addition to the regulations set forth in the regulations section of this tariff applicable to Cellular Mobile Telephone Interconnection, additional regulations are set forth throughout this section.

2. Rate Regulations

2.1 General

AT&T Texas charges for facilities and services provided in the interconnection and interchange of traffic with CMCs shall consist of (1) flat-rate charges for inbound connecting circuits, i.e., circuits between CMC's MTSO and AT&T Texas's serving wire center for the interchange of originating traffic; and (2) terminating usage charges as specified in 2.3.

2.2 Connecting Circuits

The charges for inbound connecting circuits are as follows:

- 2.2.1 The charge for two-wire connecting circuits used exclusively for the interchange of one-way originating traffic shall be equivalent to the charge for two-wire channel termination (USOC T6E2X) in Section 7.3.4 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. Additional charges, as specified in 2.2.6, will apply if the Type 1 office selected is not the CMC's serving wire center.
- 2.2.2 The charge for four-wire connecting circuits used exclusively for the interchange of one-way originating traffic shall be equivalent to the charge for four-wire channel termination (USOC T6E4X) in Section 7.3.4 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. Additional charges, as specified in 2.2.6, will apply if the Type 1 office selected is not the CMC's serving wire center.
- 2.2.3 The charge for a 1.544 Mbps connecting circuit, equivalent to 24 voice grade circuits, used exclusively for the interchange of one-way originating traffic shall be equivalent to the charge for a 1.544 Mbps channel termination and multiplexing, if required. See Section 7.3.10 of AT&T Texas's intrastate Access Service Tariff. Additional charges, as specified in 2.2.6, will apply if the Type 1 office selected is not the CMC's serving wire center.
- 2.2.4 No recurring charge, other than terminating usage charges as described in 2.3 following, shall be assessed for connecting circuits used exclusively for the interchange of terminating traffic except when the CMC selects a Type 1 office other than its serving wire center. Additional recurring charges as specified in 2.2.6 will apply in this instance.

TYPE - 1 SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2.2 Connecting Circuits (Cont'd) (1) (2)

- 2.2.5 The recurring charges for the provision of either two-wire or four-wire connecting circuits used for the interchange of both originating and terminating traffic, i.e., "two-way" connecting circuits, shall be prorated according to the relative volume of originating and terminating traffic interchanged over those circuits.
- 2.2.5.1 For two-way connecting circuits, it is assumed that 30% of all traffic interchanged between AT&T Texas and the CMC is originating traffic; the charge for each of those two-way connecting circuits will be 30% of the appropriate channel termination, channel mileage and multiplexer charges where applicable as described in 2.2.1, 2.2.2 or 2.2.3.
- 2.2.6 When facilities are provided to a switching office (end office) other than the CMC's serving wire center, channel termination, channel mileage and multiplexing charges, where applicable, as found in Section 7.3.4 or 7.3.10 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff will apply for one-way originating, one-way terminating or two-way trunks. Channel mileage calculations will be on an airline basis using V&H coordinates between the entry end office switch where the service is provided and the CMC's serving wire center. The prorate described in 2.2.5 does not apply to two-way connecting circuits where the CMC has requested interconnection to end offices other than the CMC's serving wire center.
- 2.2.7 No special access surcharges are applicable to connecting circuits.

President - Texas
AT&T Texas
Dallas, Texas
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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF

Section: 2
Sheet: 3
Revision: Original
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TYPE - 1 SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Terminating Usage Charges

Terminating usage charges shall not apply pursuant to this tariff except as set forth in this section. In accordance with 47 CFR Section 20.11 and the FCC's ruling in CC Docket No. 01-92; FCC 05-42 (*T-Mobile Order*), terminating usage charges shall be negotiated as part of an interconnection agreement between CMC and AT&T Texas. Prior to the negotiation of an interconnection agreement, but after a request for negotiation for such agreement has been made by CMC or AT&T Texas, AT&T Texas shall assess terminating usage charges calculated in accordance with 47 CFR Section 20.11 for interim rates.

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AT&T Texas
Dallas, Texas
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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF

Section: 2
Sheet: 4
Revision: Original
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TYPE - 1 SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Vacant

2.5 Nonrecurring Charges

A nonrecurring charge shall apply for all one-way originating, one-way terminating and two-way connecting circuits as specified for a two-wire, four-wire or 1.544 Mbps channel termination in Section 7.3.4 or 7.3.10 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff.

2.6 Minimum Monthly Charge

To the extent that revenues from this service do not equate to at least those rates provided in 2.2.1 or 2.2.2 or 2.2.3 then the appropriate rates prescribed in these paragraphs will be applied as a minimum monthly charge per trunk.

2.7 Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7

Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7 (CCS/SS7) is available for Type 1 Interconnection on a one-way originating basis only.

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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF

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Sheet: Index 1
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TYPE - 2A SERVICE AND RATES

INDEX

	<u>Sheet</u>
1. General	1
2. Rate Regulations	1-6
2.1 General.....	1
2.2 Originating Connecting Circuits.....	1-3
2.3 Area Wide Calling Plan.....	3
2.4 Terminating Connecting Circuits.....	4
2.5 Vacant.....	5
2.6 Nonrecurring Charges.....	5
2.7 Equal Access Connecting Circuits.....	6
2.8 Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7.....	6

TYPE - 2A SERVICE AND RATES

1. General

1.1 In addition to the regulations set forth in the regulations section of this tariff applicable to Cellular Mobile Telephone Interconnection, additional regulations for Type 2A Interconnection are set forth in this section.

2. Rate Regulations

2.1 General

2.1.1 AT&T Texas charges for facilities and services provided in the interconnection and interchange of traffic with CMCs shall consist of (1) flat-rate charges for incoming connecting circuits that connect the CMC's MTSO to AT&T Texas's tandem serving office for purposes of a Type 2A interconnection, (2) usage sensitive charges for originating connecting circuits used with the Area Wide Calling Plan Option, (3) the establishment of NXX code routing, (4) the provisioning of dedicated private line facilities between the cellular carriers MTSO and their cell sites and (5) flat rate charges for Equal Access connections for interexchange traffic originating on the CMC's network and passed to an interexchange carrier (IXC) on an equal access basis.

2.2 Originating Connecting Circuits

2.2.1 The charge for two-wire connecting circuits used exclusively for the interchange of one-way originating traffic shall be equivalent to the charge for a two-wire channel termination and channel mileage if required. See Section 7.3.4 of AT&T Texas's intrastate Access Service Tariff.

2.2.2 The charge for four-wire connecting circuits used exclusively for the interchange of one-way originating traffic shall be equivalent to the charge for a four-wire channel termination and channel mileage if required. See Section 7.3.4 of AT&T Texas's intrastate Access Service Tariff.

2.2.3 The charge for a 1.544 Mbps connecting circuit, equivalent to 24 voice grade circuits, used exclusively for the interchange of one-way originating traffic shall be equivalent to the charge for a 1.544 Mbps channel termination and channel mileage, if required. See Section 7.3.10 of AT&T Texas's intrastate Access Service Tariff.

2.2.4 No charge, except for terminating usage charges as described in 2.4, shall be assessed for connecting circuits used exclusively for the interchange of terminating traffic.

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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF

Section: 3
Sheet: 2
Revision: Original
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TYPE - 2A SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2.2 Originating Connecting Circuits (Cont'd)

2.2.5 The recurring charges for the provision of connecting circuits used for interchange of both originating and terminating traffic (two-way connecting circuits) shall be prorated according to the relative volume of originating and terminating traffic interchanged over those circuits. All terminating traffic interchanged over two-way connecting circuits is subject to terminating usage charges as described in 2.5.

(A) For two-way connecting circuits, it is assumed that 30% of all traffic interchanged between AT&T Texas and the CMC is originating traffic; the charge for each of those two-way connecting circuits will be 30% of the appropriate channel termination, and channel mileage charges where applicable as described in 2.2.1, 2.2.2 or 2.2.3.

TYPE - 2A Service AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2.2 Originating Connecting Circuits (1) (2)

2.2.6 When facilities are provided to the tandem office other than the CMC's serving wire center, channel mileage charges will apply in addition to the channel termination charges on a one-way originating connecting circuit. Channel mileage calculation will be on an airline basis using V&H coordinates between the tandem office and the CMC's serving wire center.

2.3 Area Wide Calling Plan (Cont'd)

2.3.1 The charges for originating traffic under the Area Wide Calling Plan (AWCP) are on a per minute of use basis and applied to only those calls from outside the local calling scope of the CMCs designated rate center. The CMC will be billed the following rates:

	<u>Rates</u> <u>Per Access Minute</u>
Local Switching	
- Outside the local calling scope	.008759
Local Transport	
Mileage Bands	
0 to 1	.0067
Over 1 to 25	.0085
Over 25	.0221
Carrier Common Line	.0263
Interexchange Carrier Access Charge	
Current - 8/31/94	.0040
Effective 09/01/94 - 02/28/95	.0006
Effective 03/01/95	.0000

2.3.2 When a CMC subscribes to AWCP, a dedicated one-way originating Type 2A trunk group is established solely for completion of calls to the AWCP NXX. Flat rate recurring charges detailed in 2.2 and the nonrecurring charges detailed in 2.6 are applicable for this trunk group in addition to the AWCP usage charges.

2.3.3 Each CMC who subscribes to AWCP must either activate an additional NXX or convert one of their existing NXXs for exclusive use of AWCP. Toll charges will not apply to SWBT end user customers when calling AWCP NXXs. Toll calls to non-AWCP NXXs will continue to generate toll charges to the calling SWBT end user customer. The rate for a dedicated NXX or conversion of an NXX for AWCP are listed in 3.1 and 3.3 of Section 5.

2.3.4 There is no minimum monthly charge for trunk groups provisioned with AWCP.

2.3.5 CMCs must notify SwBT at least two weeks in advance of any change in their AWCP Options (i.e., adding, deleting or changing AWCP NXX, etc.).

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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF

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TYPE - 2A SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Terminating Connecting Circuit.

Terminating usage charges shall not apply pursuant to this tariff except as set forth in this section. In accordance with 47 CFR Section 20.11 and the FCC's ruling in CC Docket No. 01-92; FCC 05-42 (*T-Mobile Order*), terminating usage charges shall be negotiated as part of an interconnection agreement between CMC and AT&T Texas. Prior to the negotiation of an interconnection agreement, but after a request for negotiation for such agreement has been made by CMC or AT&T Texas, AT&T Texas shall assess terminating usage charges calculated in accordance with 47 CFR Section 20.11 for interim rates.

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Dallas, Texas
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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF

Section: 3
Sheet: 5
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TYPE - 2A SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2.5 Vacant

2.6 Nonrecurring Charge

A nonrecurring charge shall apply for all one-way originating, one-way terminating and two-way connecting circuits as specified for a two-wire, four-wire or 1.544 Mbps channel termination in the AT&T Texas intrastate Access Service Tariff, Section 7.3.4 or 7.3.10.

TYPE - 2A SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2. 7 Equal Access Connecting Circuits

2.7.1 Equal access connecting circuits are one-way terminating, tandem connections used exclusively for the delivery of interexchange equal access traffic from the CMC's network. The charges are equivalent to a two-wire channel termination, four-wire channel termination or 1.544 Mbps channel termination and the appropriate channel mileage when required. See Section 7.3.4 or 7.3.10 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff for the channel termination and channel mileage charges. When the CMC determines that the interstate traffic over the equal access connecting circuit exceeds 10%, then the charges in Section 7 of the interstate Access Service Tariff will apply.

2.7.2 No terminating usage charges are applicable to equal access connecting circuits.

2.8 Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7

2.8.1 Type 2A Interconnection Service using Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7 (CCS/SS7) allows a cellular carrier with a Type 2A interconnection to use the SS7 protocol and CCS to set-up calls over the Type 2A interconnecting trunk group.

2.8.2 CCS/SS7 signaling is available on one-way originating, one-way terminating or two-way Type 2A trunk groups.

2.8.3 This service provides only for the use of CCS for Integrated Services Digital Network User Part (ISUP or ISDNUP) call set-up messages associated with a Type 2A connection provided by SWBT.

2.8.4 The only charges associated with this service are nonrecurring in nature to convert existing Type 2A circuits with MF signaling to CCS/SS7 signaling. New Type 2A circuits installed with CCS/SS7 signaling will not incur the trunk conversion nonrecurring charge.

2.8.5 CCS/SS7 for Type 2A Interconnection Rate Elements

Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System Seven (CCS/SS7) signaling links as defined in Section 22 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff are also available to customers of this tariff. The CCS/SS7 links must be purchased in pairs (link sets). Rates and changes for the signaling links can be found in Section 22.5 (A), (B), (C) and (D) of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. In addition to the rate elements for the CCS/SS7 signaling links, a switched access order charge as defined in Section 5.4 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff, is also applicable.

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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF

Section: 4
Sheet: Index 1
Revision: Original
Replacing:

TYPE - 2B SERVICE AND RATES

INDEX

	<u>Sheet</u>
1. General	1
2. Rate Regulations	2
2.1 General	2
2.2 Originating Connecting Circuits - Type 2B	2
2.3 Terminating Connecting Circuits - Type 2B	3
3. Rates and Charges	4
3.1 Terminating Connecting Circuits	4
3.2 Vacant	4

TYPE - 2B SERVICE AND RATES

1. General

- 1.1 In addition to the regulations set forth in the regulations section of this tariff applicable to Cellular Mobile Telephone Interconnection Services, additional regulations for Type 2B Interconnection are set forth in this section.
- 1.2 Interface - The Type 2B interface is at the point of termination (POT) of the high usage trunk group between cellular mobile system and a SWBT end office switching system. Calls completed via the Type 2B interconnection circuits are terminated in or originated by directory numbers (DNs) served only by that specific SWBT end office. A Type 2B interface may be used in conjunction with the Type 2A interface on a high-usage alternate routing basis to serve high-volume traffic between the MTSO and the SWBT end office.
- 1.3 SWBT end offices available for Type 2B interconnection will be restricted to those offices having the required capabilities, e.g., stored program memory or measuring and recording capabilities. Therefore, the only end offices where Type 2B interconnection would not be available is a step or crossbar office.
- 1.4 The selection of Type 2B end offices may be inside or outside the same free calling area of the designated Type 2A end office rate center subject to office capability. Landline to mobile charges will still be based on the calling area designated by the Type 2A end office rate center.
- 1.5 Type 2B trunks will be available on a one-way or two-way basis, where facilities and equipment permit.
- 1.6 Type 2B calls cannot be routed to services provided by Feature Group B (FGB), Feature Group C (FGC), or Feature Group D (FGD), interexchange carrier (ICs), international carriers (INCs), or operator services.
- 1.7 SWBT will assist the CMC in determining the required number of trunks for Type 2B interconnection; however, the ultimate responsibility lies with the CMC.
- 1.8 When a CMC orders a Type 2B interconnection of less than 24 voice grade equivalent circuits (1.544 mbps facility) for two-way service or one-way terminating service, SWBT will provide the service in a manner which is most economical to SWBT. If the CMC requests the service to be provided in a manner other than what SWBT elects to provide, then the CMC will be required to pay special construction charges.

TYPE - 2B SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations

2.1 General

2.1.1 AT&T Texas charges for facilities and services provided for Type 2B interconnection and interchange of traffic with CMCs shall consist of (1) flat-rate charges for one-way or two-way originating connecting circuits and associated facility terminations that connect the CMC's MTSO to AT&T Texas's serving end offices for purposes of a Type 2B Interconnection, (2) traffic originating on the CMC's network and terminating on AT&T Texas's intraLATA wireline exchange network will be billed terminating usage as specified in 2.3.

2.2 Originating Connecting Circuits - Type 2B

If AT&T Texas determines the most economical configuration to provide the requested Type 2B Trunk group, the originating charges will be based on that serving configuration. If the cellular carrier requests to have the service provided based on a different service configuration, the cellular carrier may be required to pay Special Construction charges.

2.2.1 The charge for a 1.544 Mbps landline to mobile originating connecting circuit, equivalent to 24 voice grade circuits, used for the interchange of traffic to the Type 2B serving office shall be the charge for a 1.544 Mbps channel termination and if applicable channel mileage, multiplexing, and associated facility terminations. See Section 7.5.1 of AT&T Texas's intrastate Access Service Tariff for access related rate elements and rates and 3.1 for facility terminations.

2.2.2 The charge for a two-wire or four-wire connecting circuits used for the interchange of traffic to a Type 2B serving office shall be the charge for a two-wire or four-wire channel termination and channel mileage if applicable and associated facility terminations. See Section 7.5.1 of AT&T Texas's intrastate Access Service Tariff for access related rate elements and rates and 3.1 for facility terminations.

2.2.3 Channel mileage calculations will be on an airline basis using V&H Coordinates between the CMC's MTSO and the Type 2B serving wire center.

2.2.4 For the provision of connecting circuits used for the interchange of both originating and terminating traffic (two-way connecting circuits) the charges for the connecting circuits shall be prorated on a monthly basis according to the relative volume of originating and terminating traffic interchanged over those circuits. Based on the relative percentage of originating traffic, the charge for originating traffic will be percentage of the charges as outlined in 2.2.1 and 2.2.2. All terminating traffic interchanged over two-way connecting circuits is subject to terminating usage charges only as described in 2.3.

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TYPE - 2B SERVICE AND RATES

2. Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Terminating Connecting Circuits - Type 2B

Terminating usage charges shall not apply pursuant to this tariff except as set forth in this section. In accordance with 47 CFR Section 20.11 and the FCC's ruling in CC Docket No. 01-92; FCC 05-42 (*T-Mobile Order*), terminating usage charges shall be negotiated as part of an interconnection agreement between CMC and AT&T Texas. Prior to the negotiation of an interconnection agreement, but after a request for negotiation for such agreement has been made by CMC or AT&T Texas, the Company shall assess terminating usage charges calculated in accordance with 47 CFR Section 20.11 for interim rates.

TYPE - 2B SERVICE AND RATES

3. Rates and Charges

3.1 Termination charges at Type 2B serving office when used in conjunction with 1.544 Mbps originating connecting channels or Two-wire/Four-wire originating connecting channels.

A facility termination charge applies per 1.544 Mbps facility if terminated in a digital office or per voice grade channel if terminated in an analog office. The voice grade termination charges are applicable if the circuits are demultiplexed or provided as individual voice grade circuits from the carriers premises.

	<u>Monthly</u>	<u>Nonrecurring</u>
3.1.1 1.544 Facility Termination	\$ 55.50	-0-
3.1.2 One-Way Originating		
a. 2-wire	8.45	-0-
b. 4-wire	33.40	-0-
3.1.3 One-Way Terminating		
a. 2-wire	8.20	-0-
b. 4-wire	3.40	-0-
3.1.4 Two-Way		
a. 2-wire	33.50	-0-
b. 4-wire	33.50	-0-

3.2 Vacant

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**DEDICATED NXX CODE/TELEPHONE NUMBERS
RATES AND REGULATIONS**

INDEX

Sheet

1. General	1
2. Rate Regulations	2
3. Rates and Charges	3

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS
RATES AND REGULATIONS**

1. General

- 1.1 Telephone numbers in this section are provided solely in conjunction with the services in this tariff and are subject to the following limitations:
- 1.2 Telephone numbers are available as a NXX Code (10,000 numbers) or in groups of 100 or 1000 numbers. However, an entire NXX Code is required for Type 2A Service.
- 1.3 In a CGSA with more than one Number Plan Area (NPA) and tandem offices in each NPA, request for tandem Type 2A connections with separate NPA-NXX Codes will require separate connections and separate dedicated NXX Codes at each tandem office.
- 1.4 Telephone numbers are furnished subject to the availability of facilities and numbers in a manner consistent with code conservation in the administration of the North American Numbering Plan.

Operational characteristics of interface signals between SWBT-provided connecting arrangements and the CMC's switch must conform to the regulations SWBT considers necessary to maintain proper standards of service.

SWBT shall not be responsible to the CMC or its customers if changes in protection criteria or in any of the facilities, operations or procedures of SWBT render any facilities provided by the CMC obsolete or require modification or alteration of such equipment or system or otherwise affect its use or performance.

- 1.5 The CMC must provide intercept of unassigned numbers within their authorized NXX Code or telephone number groups.
- 1.6 The charges for telephone numbers are found in 3.1.
- 1.7 Listings will be provided in accordance with the regulations of Part 12, Section 1 of the AT&T Texas Guidebook for business extra listings. Telephone numbers furnished herein are not entitled to free listings.
- 1.8 Upon assignment of an NXX Code or telephone number group, the CMC shall acquire and retain the same rights to those numbers as a local exchange company (LEC) assigned NXX Code by SWBT. SWBT reserves the right to reclaim unused NXX Codes and telephone number groups from a CMC on the same basis and in the same manner that it does from LECs.

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS
RATES AND REGULATIONS**

2. Rate Regulations

- 2.1 The charges provided in 3 are in addition to all applicable charges for interconnection services with which the telephone numbers are associated. {1}
- 2.2 Telephone number groups are available for Type 1 Service only and are rated as initial and additional numbers assigned. The rates for additional numbers assigned are applicable for all number requests assigned within a NXX previously established for that CMC. If an additional request for telephone numbers requires a new NXX to be established, the initial number charge will apply.
- 2.3 Type 2B connections used in conjunction with a Type 2A connection will utilize the same NXX Codes assigned to the Type 2A and no additional charges are applicable. If the CMC utilizes a Type 2B as stand alone interconnection and uses the interconnection for originating traffic, the CMC has the option of using a dedicated NXX Code or telephone number groups.
- 2.4 If a CMC changes from a Type 1 interconnection to a Type 2A interconnection, the CMC may keep the same dedicated NXX Code. A nonrecurring charge as specified in 3 will apply to each end office per NXX Code where retranslation is required. SWBT will advise the CMC in advance how many offices will require retranslation.
- 2.5 A waiting period may apply to requests for new NXXs or conversions of an existing NXX to an AWCP NXX. The new or converted NXX will be available for use by the CMC in SWBT offices no later than the 60th calendar day after the request is made, subject to the availability of facilities and numbers in a manner consistent with code conservation in the administration of the North American Numbering Plan.

{1} For the Radio Common Carriers (RCC) converting their service from a contractual arrangement to the provisions of this tariff in order to take advantage of the telephone number rates the recurring charge for telephone numbers will be discontinued upon establishment of service from this tariff.

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS
 RATES AND REGULATIONS**

3. Rates (1)

3.1 The following rates apply for an NXX Code or telephone number group.

	<u>Nonrecurring Charge</u>	<u>USOC</u>
A. First 100 Numbers	\$ 525.00	RS1
B. Per additional 100 Number assigned	\$ 450.00	RS1
C. First 1000 numbers assigned	\$ 1,325.00	RQE
D. Per additional 1000 numbers assigned	\$ 750.00	RQE
E. Per Dedicated NXX	\$ 8,000.00	RSA

3.2 The following rate per end office applies when changing from a Type 1 service arrangement to a Type 2A where retractions are required. This rate does not apply when changing from a Type 1 service arrangement to an AWCP Type 2A service arrangement.

Per end office \$ 92.50

3.3 The following rate applies when designating an existing dedicated NXX as an AWCP NXX. This rate applies in addition to the nonrecurring charge for a dedicated NXX listed in 3.1.E, when a new dedicated NXX is established as an AWCP NXX.

Per NXX (New or Change) \$ 5,810.00

3.4 Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) Charge

Without limiting or otherwise affecting any other applicable tariff provisions: (a) SWBT shall not be liable for any losses or damages arising out of errors, defects or failures associated with the input of the Wireless Carrier's data into the LERG other than direct damages provided, however, that the Wireless Carrier's direct damages shall not exceed the amount of charges paid to SWBT by the Wireless Carrier for LERG input; (b) Wireless Carrier agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless SWBT from any and all losses, damages, or other liabilities, including attorneys' fees that it may incur as a result of claims, demands, or other suits brought by any party that may arise out of the data submitted and/or the input of that data into the LERG by SWBT; (c) the Wireless Carrier shall defend against all end user claims just as if Carrier had performed its own input into the LERG.

(1) Due to an order(s) of the Federal Communications Commission in CC Docket 96-98 and under protest, the application of charges for telephone numbers are suspended and will remain suspended for only so long as and to the extent necessary to comply with such order(s) pending reconsideration, appeal or other remedial action. This suspension does not apply to AWCP NXX conversions in 3.3 above.

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Section: 5
Sheet: 4
Revision: Original
Replacing:

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS
RATES AND REGULATIONS**

3. Rates (Cont'd)

3.4 Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) Charge (Cont'd)

The following charge applies when, on behalf of the Wireless carrier, SWBT inputs NXX code rating and routing information to the Routing Data Base System (RDBS) which is used to update the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

	<u>USOC</u>	<u>Nonrecurring Charge</u>
Per NXX	XXX	\$110.00

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MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

INDEX

	<u>Sheet</u>
6. General	1
6.1 Directory Assistance Service	1
6.2 Directory Assistance Call Completion	1-4
6.3 Wireless Usage Study	5
6.4 Wireless 911 Connection Circuits	5-8

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. General

In addition to the regulations set forth in the Regulations section of this tariff applicable to Cellular Mobile Telephone Interconnection, additional regulations for Ancillary Services are set forth in this section.

6.1 Directory Assistance Service

6.1.1 Manner of Provisioning

- (A) AT&T Texas will provide Directory Assistance (DA) Service from directory assistance locations to the CMC's premises. AT&T Texas DA Service is provided when a CMC's patron reaches an AT&T Texas DA position.
- (B) All DA calls are completed over Type 1 end office connections with the exception of 555-1212 and NPA-555-1212 which may be completed over Type 2A tandem connections when necessary technical modifications have been made to the tandem switch.
- (C) The CMC has the option of combining DA calls over existing Type 1 connecting circuits or the CMC can complete the DA calls over a Type 1 miscellaneous trunk group.

6.1.2 Rates

DA Service is provided under the regulations and rates in Section 9 of the Access Service Tariff.

6.2 Directory Assistance Call Completion Service

6.2.1 General

- (A) Directory Assistance Call Completion (DACC) is a service that provides CMC patrons the option of having their local or intraLATA calls completed when requesting a telephone listing from an AT&T Texas DA operator.
- (B) DACC Service is available when the CMC has elected to receive the service and ordered the required dedicated operator service circuits to each of the DA locations within the LATA. DACC Service, when billed to CMCs, is only available on a fully automated basis.
- (C) In addition to the appropriate charges for DA and DACC Services, terminating usage charges, as specified in 6.26, apply for all calls completed using DACC.
- (D) DACC is available under three billing applications; multiple rate option, single rate option and alternate billing.{1}

{1} Effective March 19, 2016, Bill to Third Number call service (alternate billing) is discontinued.

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. General (Cont'd)

6.2 Directory Assistance Call Completion Service (Cont'd)

6.2.2 Multiple Rate Option

- (A) Under the multiple rate option, CMCs are billed individually for DA and DACC Services when provided.
- (B) If a CMC chooses the multiple rate option, a seven digit Automatic Number Identification (ANI) field following the called number is required from the CMC as prescribed in SWBT publication, "DACC Technical Requirements for Cellular Providers."
- (C) CMCs have the option of providing patron specific ANI for the purposes of directly billing for DACC or providing the CMC's billing number in the ANI field.

6.2.3 Single Rate Option

With the single rate option, CMCs are charged a single fixed rate for the DA and DACC portion of the DA call. This rate applies for all DA calls including those where DACC was not requested by the CMC's patron.

6.2.4 Alternate Billing{1}{2}

- (A) The CMC's patron has the option of billing the DACC charge as a third number or collect call under alternate billing. Alternate billing is only available when the CMC has advised SWBT of its intent to allow alternate billing of DACC.
- (B) Alternate billing of DACC is available in conjunction with existing DA Service and the DACC Multiple Rate Option. Alternate billing will not be provided with the Single Rate Option.
- (D) When an unauthorized alternate billing request for DACC is received, the CMC patron will be advised of the unavailability of alternately billed DACC and to contact the CMC for further assistance in completing the call.

{1} Alternate billing is being provided on a trial basis for one year from the effective date of this tariff sheet. Prior to the expiration date, a determination will be made based on customer input to permanently include alternate billing as an option or remove the option in its entirety.

{2} Effective March 19, 2016, Collect and Bill to Third Number calls services are discontinued.

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. General (Cont'd)

6.2 Directory Assistance Call Completion (Cont'd)

6.2.5 Manner of Provisioning

(A) Operator Service Circuits

When a CMC requests DACC Service, both DA and DACC Services are provided over a dedicated trunk group from each CMC MTSO to the AT&T Texas DA switch in the LATA. A separate trunk group is required for each NPA served by the AT&T Texas DA switch in the LATA.

(B) Billing Information Tape

When a CMC chooses the multiple rate option, billing information tapes (BIT) will be automatically provided on a daily basis detailing the call information associated with the ANI provided by the CMC. The CMC has the option of receiving the call information via a data circuit as detailed in 6.2.5 (C). The charge for BIT, as found in 6.2.7 is for each tape generated.

(C) Electronic Data Transmission

Electronic Data Transmission (EDT) provides the CMC the option of receiving the detailed call information via a data circuit instead of the daily BIT. The EDT data circuit is established between AT&T Texas's data center and CMC's premises of choice. The type EDT data circuit required is dependent upon the volume of billing information and the type terminating equipment provided by the CMC at its premises. While there is no charge for EDT, the CMC is responsible for the data circuit charges.

6.2.6 Rate Regulations

(A) Terminating usage charges shall not apply pursuant to this tariff except as set forth in this section. In accordance with 47 CFR Section 20.11 and the FCC's ruling in CC Docket No. 01-92; FCC 05-42 (*T-Mobile Order*), terminating usage charges shall be negotiated as part of an interconnection agreement between CMC and AT&T Texas. Prior to the negotiation of an interconnection agreement, but after a request for negotiation for such agreement has been made by CMC or AT&T Texas, AT&T Texas shall assess terminating usage charges calculated in accordance with 47 CFR Section 20.11 for interim rates.

(B) Under the multiple rate option, the DA regulations and rates in Section 9 of the Access Service Tariff apply in addition to the multiple rate option charge in 6.2.7.

(C) DACC and associated usage are charged only upon completion of the call under the multiple rate option. The DA charges always apply for calls placed to a DA position.

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. General (Cont'd)

6.2 Directory Assistance Call Completion (Cont'd)

6.2.6 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

- (D) Under the single rate option, the DA regulations in Section 9 of the Access Service Tariff apply in addition to the rate in 6.2.7 for all calls placed to a DA position including those calls where DACC was not requested by the CMC's patron. The associated usage charges only apply when the call has been completed.
- (E) Alternately billed DACC calls are provided under the regulations and rates for DACC provided in Part 11, Section 2 of the AT&T Texas Guidebook.{1}{2}
- (F) When a CMC's patron elects to alternately bill DACC, the CMC will be charged for the completed DA call from Section 9 of the Access Service Tariff and the CMC patron will be charged the appropriate DACC rate from Part 11, Section 2 of the AT&T Texas Guidebook {2}.
- (G) When an alternately billed DACC call is completed outside a local calling area, the CMC patron will be billed the applicable rates from Part 9, Section 1 of the AT&T Texas Guidebook in addition to the DACC charges.{2}

6.2.7 Rates

In addition to the rates listed below, nonrecurring charges only apply for the installation of the operator service circuits. These rates are found in the Access Service Tariff, Section 7, 7.5.

	<u>Monthly Rate</u>
(A) Single Rate Option - Per DA Call	\$ 0.40
(B) Multiple Rate Option - Per DACC completed call	.20
(C) Billing Tape Charge - Per Billing Tape	6.00

- 1} Alternate billing is being provided on a trial basis for one year from the effective date of this tariff sheet (March 25, 1993). Prior to the expiration date, a determination will be made based on customer input to permanently include alternate billing as an option or remove the option in its entirety.
- {2} Effective March 19, 2016, Bill to Third Number call service (alternate billing) is discontinued.

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. General (cont'd)

6.3 Wireless Usage Study

6.3.1 Rate Regulations

- A. When a CMC requests the telephone company to analyze its interconnection trunks to determine the level of usage on those trunks, the charges in 6.3.2 apply.
- B. The usage study will be contracted on a weekly basis for a maximum of four weeks. The preceding includes the provisioning of one report containing the data associated with the usage study. Any requests by the CMC to extend the study will result in a second nonrecurring charge.

6.3.2 Rates

	Nonrecurring Charge
Cellular Mobile Carrier Usage Study Per trunk group	\$135.00

6.4 Wireless 911 Connection Circuits

Wireless 911 connection circuit service is provided to the CMC to enable the CMC's use of SWBT's 911 network service elements that SWBT uses in the provision of Enhanced 911 Universal Emergency Number/911 Telecommunications Services (E911), where SWBT is the 911 service provider. E911 Service is the functionality to route wireless 911 calls and the associated caller and/or location data of the wireless end user to the appropriate Public Safety Answering Point. The Federal Communications Commission has, in FCC CC Docket 94-102, ordered that providers of Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) make available to their end users certain E911 services, and has established clear and certain deadlines by which said service must be available. Wireless 911 connection circuit service is compatible with CMRS provider Phase I and Phase II E911 obligations, as described in FCC CC Docket 94-102. Wireless 911 connection circuit service is only available to CMCs for use in the provision of Universal Emergency Number Service, to the extent required by the Telecommunications Act of 1934, as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("the Act"), 47 USC Section 151 and the rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Public Utility Commission of Texas.

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. General (cont'd)

6.4 Wireless 911 Connection Circuits (cont'd)

6.4.1 Wireless 911 connection circuit service is provided with Wireless 911 connection circuits, as described following:

- A. Wireless 911 connection circuit is a DS0 level one-way, non-measured 4-wire terminating trunk with SS7 functionality that is transported from the CMC's Mobile Switching Center (MSC) to SWBT's designated 911 Selective Router Switch, as technically defined in Telcordia Technical Reference GR145-CORE. The Wireless 911 connection circuits must be dedicated to 911 service use. Both recurring and nonrecurring charges apply to this service.
- B. The CMC must provide a minimum of two dedicated Wireless 911 trunks from the point of connection to the 911 Selective Routing Switch for the provision of 911 service.
- C. In addition to the Wireless 911 connection circuits, the CMC must provide the DS1 level connecting circuit, equivalent to 24 voice grade circuits, used exclusively for the delivery of 911 emergency traffic. The CMC may purchase the DS1 level connecting circuit from SWBT as outlined in Section 7.3.10 of SWBT's intrastate Access Service Tariff.

6.4.2 Wireless 911 connection circuit service is subject to the following terms and conditions:

- A. The prices for Wireless 911 connection circuit service do not include the inspection or monitoring of the CMC's facilities to discover errors, defects and malfunctions in the service, nor does SWBT undertake such responsibility. The CMC shall be responsible for making such operational tests as, in the judgement of the CMC, are required to determine whether the facility is functioning properly for its use. The CMC shall promptly notify SWBT in the event that their facilities are not functioning properly.
- B. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, SWBT's liability to the requesting CMC and any third person shall be limited to the maximum extent permitted by Applicable Law. Under no circumstances shall SWBT incur any liability, direct or indirect, to any other person on whose behalf a 911 call is made.
- C. SWBT will not be liable to the CMC or its customers for any failure with respect to the completion of emergency calls made to an Operator.

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. General (cont'd)

6.4 Wireless 911 Connection Circuits (cont'd)

6.4.2 Wireless 911 connection circuit service is subject to the following terms and conditions: (cont'd)

- D. If applicable, the 911 calling party forfeits the privacy afforded by Private and Semi-Private Listing Service to the extent that the name, telephone number, address and language, medical, and disability information associated with the originating station location are furnished to the Public Safety Answering Point.
- E. The CMC shall be responsible for the payment of all charges billed by SWBT for the provision of Wireless 911 connection circuit service as prescribed in this tariff, by law, and/or any applicable agreement with the CMC. SWBT shall not be liable for disconnection for nonpayment of applicable charges, resulting from the CMC's provision of Universal Emergency Number/911 Telecommunications Service.
- F. Before implementing Phase II E911 service within a particular E911 service area, the CMC shall provide SWBT with five months advance notice. The Call Path Associated Signaling (CAS) solution does not support Phase II and CMCs that utilize CAS for Phase I will be required to migrate to Non-Call Path Associated Signaling (NCAS) or Hybrid solutions for Phase II implementation.

6.4.3 CMCs subscribing to Wireless 911 connection circuit service incur the following responsibilities:

- A. Once E911 trunking has been established and tested between the CMC's MSC and all appropriate Selective Router Switches, the CMC or its representatives shall be responsible for providing the CMC's Automatic Location Identification (ALI) Records to the appropriate 911 Database provider. Where SWBT is the 911 Database Provider and the CMC deploys a CAS or Hybrid CAS solution, the following requirements shall apply:
 - 1. The CMC or its agent shall provide initial and ongoing updates of the CMC's ALI Records that are in electronic format based upon established National Emergency Number Association (NENA) standards.
 - 2. The CMC shall adopt use of a Company ID on all Carrier ALI Records in accordance with NENA standards. The Company ID is used to identify the dial tone provider.
 - 3. The CMC is responsible for providing updates to the SWBT ALI database; in addition, the CMC is responsible for correcting any errors that may occur during the mechanized entry of its data to the SWBT 911 Database Management System (DBMS).

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. General (cont'd)

6.4 Wireless 911 Connection Circuits (cont'd)

6.4.3 CMCs subscribing to Wireless 911 connection circuit service incur the following responsibilities: (cont'd)

- B. Where the CMC deploys an NCAS solution, the following requirements shall apply:
1. It is the responsibility of the CMC to ensure that its designated third party provider shall perform the above database functions.
 2. It is the responsibility of the CMC to ensure that its Shell Records for ALI are submitted to SWBT by its designated third party provider, for inclusion in SWBT's DBMS on a timely basis, once E911 trunking has been established and tested between CMC's Mobile Switching Center (MSC) and all appropriate Selective Routers (SRs).
 3. It is the responsibility of the CMC to ensure that its designated third party provider provides initial and ongoing updates of its Shell Records for ALI that are in electronic format based upon established NENA standards.
- C. In all applications (CAS, NCAS, HCAS), the CMC shall be responsible for any additional database charges incurred by the CMC or its third party provider for errors in the SWBT ALI database.
- D. The CMC shall be solely responsible for providing test records and conducting call-through testing on all new licensed areas.
- E. The CMC will be required to provide a 56 Kbps frame relay circuit to send the location data from a third party database or a third party Mobile Positioning Center (MPC) to SWBT's ALI Server. The CMC may purchase this circuit from a vendor of its choice.

6.4.4 The following rates apply to Wireless 911 connection circuit service:

- A. Monthly rates apply on a per trunk basis. A nonrecurring charge applies for each request to establish or change a Wireless 911 connection trunk, on a per trunk basis.
- B. The minimum service period for Wireless 911 connection trunks is 30 days.
- C. Prices for route diversity will be determined on an individual case basis (ICB).

	Monthly Price	Nonrecurring Charge
Wireless 911 Connection Circuit - per DS0 channel	\$39.00	\$165.00
DS1 Connecting Circuit, if required	See Section 7.3.10 of SWBT's intrastate Access Service Tariff	

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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
Section: Table of Contents
Sheet: 1
Revision: Original
Replacing:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Regulations |
| 2 | Type - 1 Service and Rates |
| 3 | Type - 2A Service and Rates |
| 4 | Type - 2B Service and Rates |
| 5 | Dedicated NXX Code Rates and Regulations |
| 6 | Miscellaneous Services |